

Table of Contents

Page 01 - Explanation of the Experiment - part 1 of 2 Page 02 - Explanation of the Experiment - part 2 of 2 Page 03 - Purpose of the Experiment and Parts Needed Page 04 - Do the Experiment (part 1 of 2) Page 05 - Do the Experiment (part 2 of 2) Page 06 - Crossword Puzzle Page 07 - Word Search Puzzle Page 08 - Written 10-Question Multiple Choice Quiz Page 09 - Answers to Crossword Page 10- Answers to Word Search Page 11 - Answer Key to Written Quiz Page 12 - Poster to put up on classroom wall Page 13 - Price List for Parts Kits for your to order more. Send Purchase Order to Gary@MrCircuitTechnology.com or

Solderless

Circuit Board

Exciting, Educational

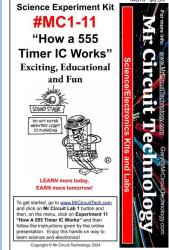
and Fun

Experiment Parts only

(packaged in a 3x5 inch resealable plastic bag.)

LEARN more today EARN more tomorrow

.....





PREPARATION: You can put the Page 12 poster up on your classroom wall to announce the fact that you are going to do the Science-Electronics Experiment.

order online at www.MrCircuitTechnology.com

Step 1 - Make a copy of pages 1 through 8 for each student. The students can read and do these pages on their own or you can guide them.

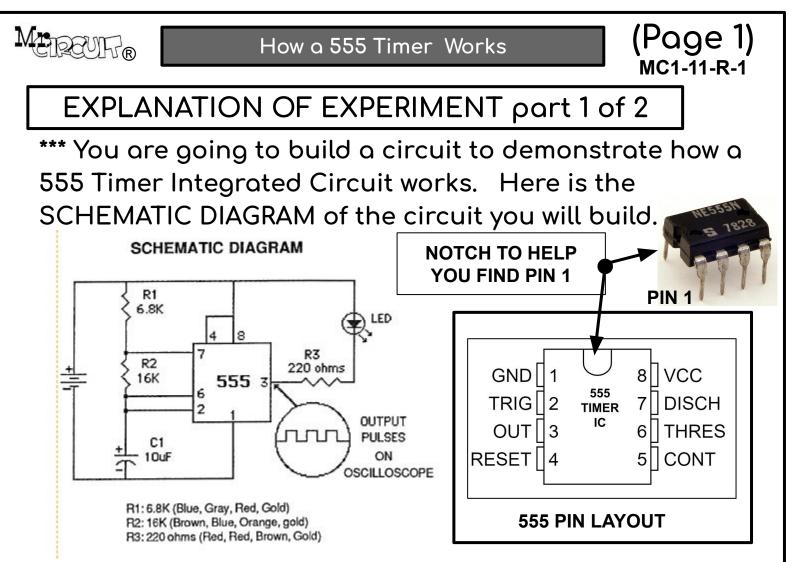
Step 2 - Hand out Parts Kit #MC1-00-PK (that has the Solderless Circuit Board) and Parts Kit #MC1-11-PK (that has the experiment parts) with a 9-Volt battery. Give these items to each student along with the 8 pages.

Step 3 - When your students have completed the experiment, collect all the Parts Kits and batteries for later use.

Step 4 - Collect all the Written Quizzes for grading and use the Answer Key to grade them.

For Tech Support or any questions, you can email us or call 805-295-1642

Copyright © Mr Circuit Technology 2024



A 555 IC was invented by engineers who needed timer circuits that generate many different types of **pulses**.

Some **pulses** stay on for a long time and shut off for a short time. Some pulses stay on for the same amount time that they turn off. There are many reasons why this is important. Computers use lots of timing circuits.

The 555 is called and '**Integrated Circuit'** because it has many different circuits inside of it that work together.

Notice above that the **555 has 8 pins, numbered 1 through 8 in a counter-clockwise direction**. Each pin has a purpose and is used to connect to resistors and capacitors and the power.

(Continue to Page 2)

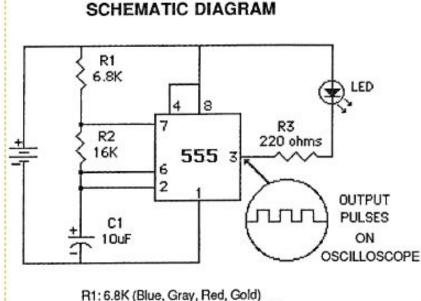


EXPLANATION OF EXPERIMENT part 2 of 2

(Page 2)

MC1-11-R-2

Let's talk about how the circuit works. Here is the schematic of the timer circuit that you will build.



R1: 6.8K (Blue, Gray, Red, Gold) R2: 16K (Brown, Blue, Orange, gold) R3: 220 ohms (Red, Red, Brown, Gold)

This circuit has 3 resistors and one capacitor connected to the pins of the 555. It also has a 9-volt battery and an LED. The LED will blink according to the **pulses** coming out of the 555.

With the 10uF capacitor, this circuit will send **pulses** at a rate of approximately 1 per second. (1 Hertz) The time off and the time on are approximately the same. You will see the LED blink on and off at a rate of one blink per second.

If you increase the 10uF capacitor to a 100uF capacitor, the pulse rate (or blink rate) will slow down a lot.

(Continue to Page 3)





MC1-11-R-3

PURPOSE OF THIS EXPERIMENT

*** To observe that a 555 Integrated Circuit can be used

to make a timer circuit.

PARTS NEEDED FOR EXPERIMENT

In this experiment, you will use

a BATTERY SNAP



6.8k Ohm resistor





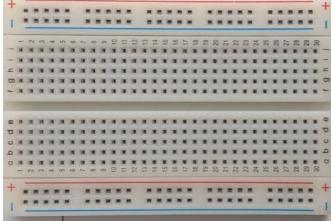


220 Ohm resistor

16k Ohm resistor

5 Jumper Wires









You will also need a good 9 Volt battery

(Continue to Page 4)



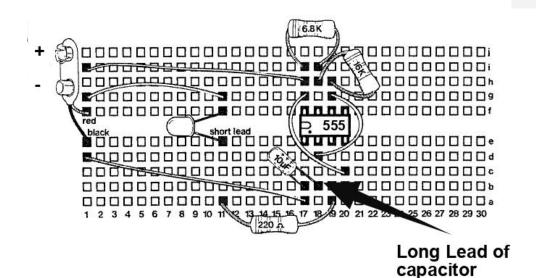
(Page 4)

DO THE EXPERIMENT (part 1 of 2)

MC1-11-R-4

Now you are going to build the circuit on a Solderless CB.

Step 1 - Take out all the parts needed and a Solderless Circuit Board and 9-Volt battery.



Step 2 - Install all the parts on the Solderless Circuit Board in this order. Check them off as you go.

Install an LED with the Short Lead in hole 11e and the Long Lead in hole 11f

Install the 220 Ohm resistor (red, red, brown, gold) in holes 11a to 19a

Install the 6800 (6.8k) Ohm resistor (blue, gray, red, gold) in holes 17i to 18i

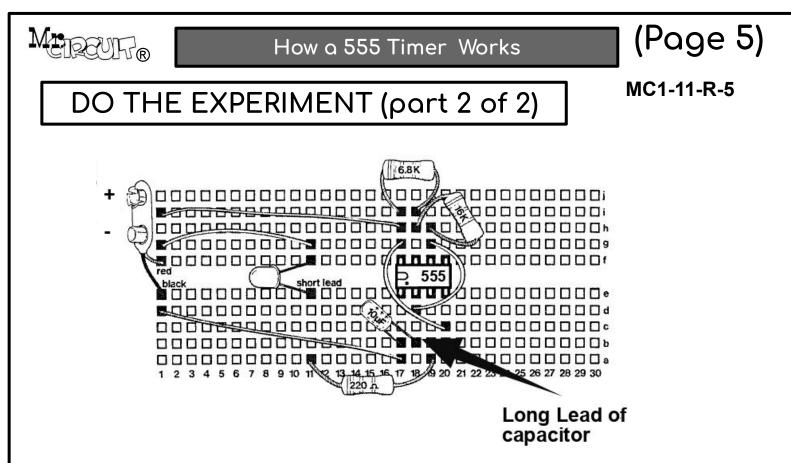
Install the16k Ohm resistor (brown, blue, orange, gold) in holes 18h to 19h

Install the 555 Timer IC with Pin 1 in hole 17e as shown in pictorial

Install the 10uF Electrolytic Capacitor - Long lead in hole 18b, Short lead in 17b

- Install Jumper Wire #1 in holes 1d to 17a
- Install Jumper Wire #2 in holes 1g to 11g
- Install Jumper Wire #3 in holes 1i to 17h
- Install Jumper Wire #4 in holes 17g to 20c
- Install Jumper Wire #5 in holes 18d to 19g
- Install the Battery Snap, Black lead in hole 1e and Red Lead in hole 1f

(Continue to Page 5)



Step 3 - "Connect the battery to the Battery Snap. <u>You</u> should see the LED light blink on and off at a rate of about on blink per second.

If you do not, check your wiring and the 9-volt battery.

CONCLUSION

You should have observed in this simple experiment that a 555 Integrated Circuit can be used to make a timer circuit to make an LED blink.

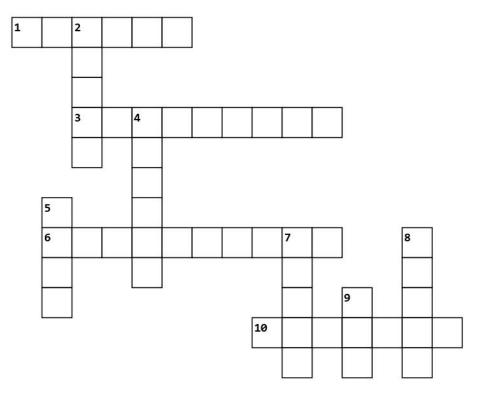
Note: Engineers call this an Astable (two states) free-running, multivibrator. This just means the LED has **two-states**, on or off. It is **free-running** because it just keeps blinking. You can research more about this if you want to on the internet..

(End of Experiment 11)



CROSSWORD

Experiment 11 - "How a 555 TIMER IC Works"



Across

1. The pulse rate with a 10uF capacitor is approximately one pulse per _____

3. The component which affects the pulse rate is the ______ .

6. A 555 Timer is an _____ CIRCUIT.

10. When installing the 555 Timer IC on a solderless circuit board, you install it across the CENTER _______.

Down

(Page 6)

When the 555 Timer IC is working as a
 ______, it puts out pulses on pin 3.

4. If you connect an oscilloscope to the output of pin 3, what might you see?

5. When you count the _____ on the 555 Timer IC, you count counter-clockwise.

7. How many pins does a 555 Timer IC have?

8. From which pin on the 555 Timer IC do the pulses come from?

9. The mark or indentation on the 555 Timer IC helps to find which pin?



MC1-11-WS

WORD SEARCH

(Page 7)

Experiment 11 - "How a 555 TIMER IC Works"

DRXSHOTWFPMCCUGAP B S D GLXCRFORDV SBHTU ΙM W U G E ΤΝ ΚΙΟΝΜΚΙΟΝΟΡΑΘΡΥΕΟ W Z R O N X L K T Z C T Q L N Q D K D K ΗP 0 Т E ТНОМРСТВКИРСИ F Y ΙΝΙΨΚΖΡΡΒΨΟΟΡΕΙυΚΡS J SCXKTRGAVASZLGLVWE ΟJ U C N A U O L K K Y I S O G X E L Z M G O L I P J R W Y Y R N X C E L C M J W M ΒΟΡΑΟΟΟΝΖΙΤΑΙΟΚΟΟΟΕΟ MCW CWKCHEJEVB IUPUN ТΗ YKPKZPADNFGWZWSMFASR MOMUGNWEOERNVZJSOWEH ROPWICQEQSAGMKBIWUST R D J S V O Z R P I T P S F N N K U L H FJXGI С ZEEWOHHE ΕΧ ΡU G M ΡΥСΑΥΤΤ DSJIRPI Т Р 0 DDN Т ZJOSSTTF ZXKCEYJEJAE SFINLLGOICBKWOJUXYOR U A B D Q P G I E L C T G R Z Y Y Z B Q

1. A 555 Timer is an _____ CIRCUIT.

2. How many pins does a 555 Timer IC have?

3. From which pin on the 555 Timer IC do the pulses come from?

4. The mark or indentation on the 555 Timer IC helps to find which pin?

5. The component which affects the pulse rate is the ______.

6. The pulse rate with a 10uF capacitor is approximately one pulse per _____

7. When the 555 Timer IC is working as a ______, it puts out pulses on pin 3.

8. When you count the ______ on the 555 Timer IC, you count counter-clockwise.

9. When installing the 555 Timer IC on a solderless circuit board, you install it across the CENTER

10. If you connect an oscilloscope to the output of pin 3, what might you see?

(
Automotive Market Automotive Market Circuit Te ELECTRONICS LF	in the Mr Circuit Flor	or STEM KIT #11 ctronics Training Lab 1 (Page 0	8)
	This Quiz covers the traini	ng learned by completing	28
	"How a 555 Timer IC V	Vorks" Experiment 11	,
	Circle the letter for your answer to each questi	on and then hand this quiz in to your teacher.	
A	#1 How many pins does a 555 Timer IC have?	#6 What does the indentation or marking on the top end of the 555 Timer IC help you find?	A
В	A . 8	A. Pin 5	B
С	B. 3	B. Pin 4	C
D	C. 6 D. 12	C. Pin 1D. the bottom of the IC	D
A	#2 What pin is the output pin on the 555 Timer?	#7 When a 555 Timer IC is working as a 'clock',	A
В		it puts out pulses on	B
	A. 8 B. 3	A. Pin 8 B. Pin 2	
С	C . 6	C. Pin 5	C
D	D. 12	D. Pin 3	D
A	#3 If you connect an oscilloscope to the output Pin 3 on this circuit when operating, what might	#8 When you are counting the pins on a 555 Timer IC, you count them	A
В	you see?		В
С	A. pulses B. aliens	A. up and down B. clockwise	C
	C. resistance values	C. by tens	
D	D. inductance variations	D. counter-clockwise	D
A	#4 What is the value of the capacitor in microfarads connected to Pin 2 of the 555 Timer	#9 When installing the 555 Timer IC on the solderless circuit board, you install it	A
В	IC in this circuit?		В
С	A. 1000uF B. 10uF	 A. always on the right end of the board B. with pin 1 in hole 1a 	C
	C. 33uF	C. across the center channel	
D	D. 470uF	D. on the bottom of the board	D
A	#5 If we reverse the polarity of the battery snap	#10 When a 555 Timer IC is working as a timer' it puts out a voltage on	A
В	on the circuit, what will happen?	'timer', it puts out a voltage on for a set period of time and then shuts off automatically.	B
с С	A. It will work just fine. B. You might destroy the 555 Timer IC.	A. Pin 3 B Pin 5	

~ .	
В.	You might destroy the 555 Timer IC.
C.	The LED will burn out.

D. The LED will self-destruct.

С

D

Β.	Pin 5	
С.	Pin 8	
D.	Pin 2	

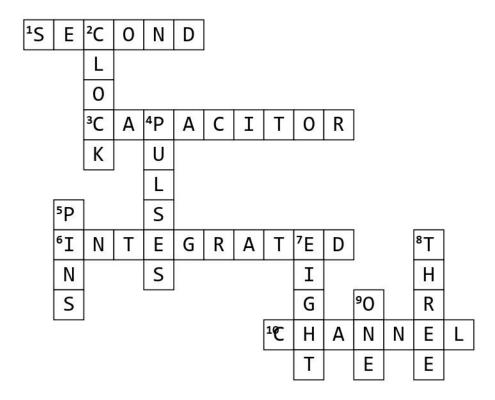
С D

Score

MERCUIFR MC1-11-CW-AS

ANSWERS FOR CROSSWORD

Experiment 11 - "How a 555 TIMER IC Works"



Across

1. The pulse rate with a 10uF capacitor is approximately one pulse per _____

3. The component which affects the pulse rate is the ______.

6. A 555 Timer is an _____ CIRCUIT.

10. When installing the 555 Timer IC on a solderless circuit board, you install it across the CENTER _______.

Down

(Page 9)

When the 555 Timer IC is working as a
 _______, it puts out pulses on pin 3.

4. If you connect an oscilloscope to the output of pin 3, what might you see?

5. When you count the ______ on the 555 Timer IC, you count counter-clockwise.

7. How many pins does a 555 Timer IC have?

8. From which pin on the 555 Timer IC do the pulses come from?

9. The mark or indentation on the 555 Timer IC helps to find which pin?

MC1-11-WS-AS

MARQUIFR

(Page 10)

ANSWERS FOR WORD SEARCH

Experiment 11 - "How a 555 TIMER IC Works"

РМС C S S Т W F U GA В RX Н ()Р ΟR S M G L Х C R F D V В H Т U G Τ М (R)Т Ν DMMKIQN E U Q Р Α GΡV Ε Q ONXLKTZ W Ζ R С Τ Q L Ν Κ D Κ Q D М H Ρ 0 T Т Ρ Т В RN Ρ E H D G С Ν F Y S J ΙN Ζ Ρ В M Q Q Ρ IJ T WΚ Ρ E Ι Κ Р J S C GΑV Α S Ζ ХК R G L E Q V W [C]U Κ Y (I) S Ν Α U \bigcirc Κ QGXE L Ζ М G 0 T. P W ΥΥR Ν Х С ΜJ JR C Ε М W В P ΝΖJ Τ Α Ο Α D L D F O D 0 Q Κ H(E)JE М С W W Κ С V В Т U Ρ U Ν Т Η Y Ζ Α Ν F Ζ R Κ Ρ D GW S F А S W М O E R (E) М Ν W Ν Ζ S W E Η V 0 QSAGMKB R Τ E S (T Ρ W С Q Ι W U TPSFN ΚUL S VOZRPI Ν H R D J Ζ ΕX ΡU C E E W H H E F Ι G M Q J Х G (T) Τ Ρ Y Т CAV Ρ O D D Ν D S J Ι RP I Т ZJOSS ΖΧΚ Т Т F С Ε Y J Ε Α E J SFINLL G ICBKWQJ U Х Y 0 R 0 U A B D O P G I E L C T G R Z Υ ΥZ ΒQ 1. A 555 Timer is an CIRCUIT. 2. How many pins does a 555 Timer IC have? 3. From which pin on the 555 Timer IC do the pulses come from? 4. The mark or indentation on the 555 Timer IC helps to find which pin? The component which affects the pulse rate is the **6.** The pulse rate with a 10uF capacitor is approximately one pulse per

7. When the 555 Timer IC is working as a ______, it puts out pulses on pin 3.

- 8. When you count the ______ on the 555 Timer IC, you count counter-clockwise.
- 9. When installing the 555 Timer IC on a solderless circuit board, you install it across the CENTER

10. If you connect an oscilloscope to the output of pin 3, what might you see?

QUICK-CHECK ANSWER KEY for Experiment 11 QUIZ for Mr Circuit Electronics Training ("555 Timer IC")

(Page 11)

Exploratory Hands-On ELECTRONICS LAB #1101

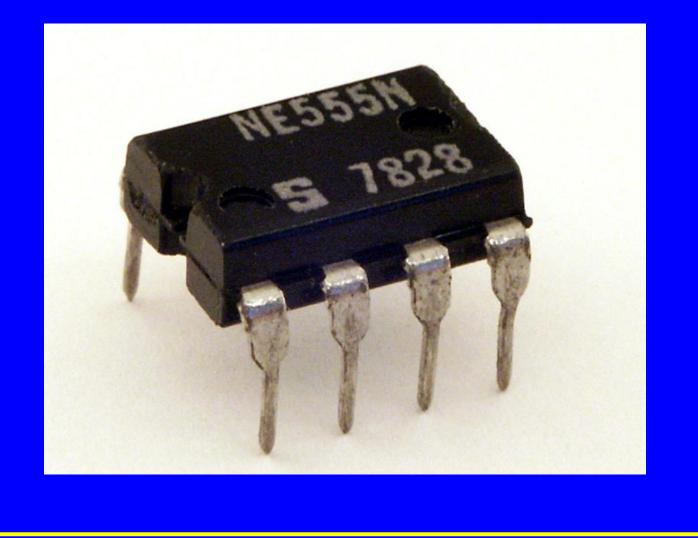
Place this sheet over top of the STUDENT QUIZ (offset a little to the left and then offset to the right) to compare the answers on this sheet to the answers that the student marked. Put an 'X' for each wrong answer.

Count the right answers and record the score of right answers Mr Circuit Technology in your grade book.

(A)	#1 How many pins does a 555 Timer IC have?	#6 What does the indentation or marking on the top end of the 555 Timer IC help you find?	A
B			В
	A. 8	A. Pin 5	
С	B. 3	B. Pin 4	
D	C. 6	C. Pin 1	
D	D. 12	D. the bottom of the IC	J
	[]		1
А	#2 What pin is the output pin on the 555 Timer?	#7 When a 555 Timer IC is working as a 'clock',	A
		it puts out pulses on	
(В)	A . 8	A . Pin 8	B
Ċ	B. 3	B. Pin 2	C
0	C . 6	C. Pin 5	
D	D . 12	D. Pin 3	(D)
	#2 If you connect an applications to the output	#9 When you are counting the ning on a 555	1
(A)	#3 If you connect an oscilloscope to the output Pin 3 on this circuit when operating, what might	#8 When you are counting the pins on a 555 Timer IC, you count them	A
B	you see?		В
D	A. pulses	A. up and down	
С	B. aliens	B. clockwise	C
_	C. resistance values	C. by tens	
D	D. inductance variations	D. counter-clockwise	(D)
А	#4 What is the value of the capacitor in	#9 When installing the 555 Timer IC on the	A
\bigcirc	microfarads connected to Pin 2 of the 555 Timer	solderless circuit board, you install it	
(B)	IC in this circuit?		B
\bigvee	A. 1000uF	A. always on the right end of the board	
С	B. 10uF	B. with pin 1 in hole 1a	
D	C. 33uF	C. across the center channel	
D	D. 470uF	D. on the bottom of the board	J
А	#5 If we reverse the polarity of the battery snap	#10 When a 555 Timer IC is working as a	(A)
	on the circuit, what will happen?	'timer', it puts out a voltage on for a set	
(B)	A thuill work just fins	period of time and then shuts off automatically.	B
$\widetilde{\mathbf{C}}$	 A. It will work just fine. B. You might destroy the 555 Timer IC. 	A. Pin 3 B. Pin 5	
U	C. The LED will burn out.	C. Pin 8	
D	D. The LED will self-destruct.	D. Pin 2	D
			J

BUILD A BETTER FUTURE by UNDERSTANDING SCIENCE-ELECTRONICS

A 555 TIMER IC



BASIC ELECTRONICS LAB 1

"HOW A 555 TIMER IC WORKS"

(Poster MC1-M-11-P01)

(Page 12)

MC1-01 Electronic Parts







PRICE LIST May 2024

PARTS KIT	PARTS KIT Mr Circuit Series 1		
Number	SCIENCE / ELECTRONICS "PARTS KITS"	Each	
MC1-00-PK	Solderless Circuit Board to build kits	\$3.95	
MC1-01-PK	Parts Kit for "How a Resistor Works	\$1.95	
MC1-02-PK	Parts Kit for "How a Potentiometer Works	\$2.95	
MC1-03-PK	Parts Kit for "How a Photocell Works	\$1.95	
MC1-04-PK	Parts Kit for "How a Capacitor Works	\$2.95	
MC1-05-PK	Parts Kit for "How a Speaker Works	\$2.95	
MC1-06-PK	Parts Kit for "How a Diode Works	\$1.95	
MC1-07-PK	Parts Kit for "How an SCR Works	\$3.95	
MC1-08-PK	Parts Kit for "How an NPN Transistor Works	\$2.95	
MC1-09-PK	Parts Kit for "How a PNP Transistor Works	\$2.95	
MC1-10-PK	Parts Kit for "How a Transistor Oscillator Works	\$3.95	
MC1-11-PK	Parts Kit for "How a 555 Timer IC Works	\$2.95	
MC1-12-PK	Parts Kit for "Burglar Alarm circuit	\$3.95	
MC1-13-PK	Parts Kit for "Solar-Activated Night Light circuit	\$3.95	
MC1-14-PK	Parts Kit for "DC to DC Power Supply circuit	\$2.95	
MC1-15-PK	Parts Kit for "Electronic Metronome circuit	\$4.95	
MC1-16-PK	Parts Kit for "Electronic Motorcycle circuit	\$3.95	
MC1-17-PK	Parts Kit for "Railroad Lights circuit	\$2.95	
MC1-18-PK	Parts Kit for "Variable Speed Lights circuit	\$3.95	
MC1-19-PK	Parts Kit for "Continuity Tester circuit	\$4.95	
MC1-20-PK	Parts Kit for "Audio Generator circuit	\$5.95	
MC1-21-PK	Parts Kit for "Electronic Police Siren circuit	\$4.95	
MC1-22-PK	Parts Kit for "Solar-Activated Wake-Up Alarm circuit	\$3.95	
MC1-23-PK	Parts Kit for "Variable Timer circuit	\$3.95	
MC1-24-PK	Parts Kit for "Moisture Detector circuit	\$2.95	
MC1-25-PK	Parts Kit for "Code Oscillator circuit	\$4.95	
MC1-26-PK	Parts Kit for "Audible Water Detector circuit	\$4.95	
MC1-27-PK	Parts Kit for "English Police Siren circuit	\$4.95	
MC1-28-PK	Parts Kit for "Electronic Canary circuit	\$7.95	
MC1-29-PK	Parts Kit for "fantasy Space Machine Gun circuit	\$5.95	
MC1-30-PK	Parts Kit for "Ultrasonic Pest Repeller circuit	\$5.95	
Set-MC1-PK	Complete Set of All Series 1 Parts Kits (31 total)	\$120.00	